

## SCS 139 Dr.Prapun: Problem Set 3

**Due date: Feb 22, 2013 (Friday)**

1. [HRW, 9E, P29.52] A solenoid 1.30 m long and 2.60 cm in diameter carries a current of 18.0 A. The magnetic field inside the solenoid is 23.0 mT. Find the length of the wire forming the solenoid.
2. [HRW, 9E, P30.2] A certain elastic conducting material is stretched into a circular loop of 12.0 cm radius. It is placed with its plane perpendicular to a uniform 0.800 T magnetic field. When released, the radius of the loop starts to shrink at an instantaneous rate of 75.0 cm/s. What emf is induced in the loop at that instant?
3. [HRW, 9E, P30.4] A wire loop of radius 12 cm and resistance  $8.5\Omega$  is located in a uniform magnetic field  $\vec{B}$  that changes in magnitude as given in Figure 1. The vertical axis scale is set by  $B_s = 0.50$  T, and the horizontal axis scale is set by  $t_s = 6.00$  s. The loop's plane is perpendicular to  $\vec{B}$ . What emf is induced in the loop during time intervals (a) 0 to 2.0 s, (b) 2.0 s to 4.0 s, and (c) 4.0 s to 6.0 s?

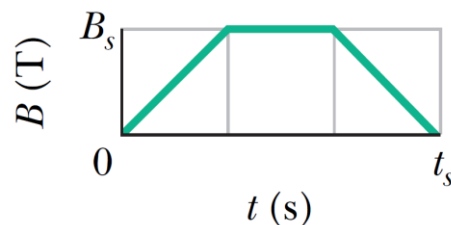


Figure 1: [HRW, 9E, Fig. 30-33]

**Assume that switch S has been open long enough to establish a steady current in the inductor**

4. [HRW, 9E, P30.54] In Figure 2,  $\mathcal{E} = 100$  V,  $R_1 = 10.0\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 20.0\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 30.0\Omega$ , and  $L = 2.00$  H. Immediately after switch S is closed, what are (a)  $i_1$  and (b)  $i_2$ ? (Let currents in the indicated directions have positive values and currents in the opposite directions have negative values.) A long time later, what are (c)  $i_1$  and (d)  $i_2$ ? The switch is then reopened. Just then, what are (e)  $i_1$  and (f)  $i_2$ ? A long time later, what are (g)  $i_1$  and (h)  $i_2$ ?

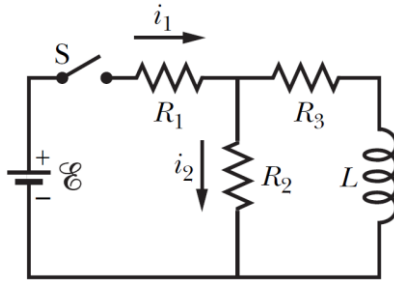


Figure 2: [HRW, 9E, Fig. 30-60]