



## SCS 139: Problem Set 1

**Due date: Feb 8, 2013 (Friday)**

- [Halliday, Resnick, and Walker, 9E, P28.4]
  - 4 An alpha particle travels at a velocity  $\vec{v}$  of magnitude 550 m/s through a uniform magnetic field  $\vec{B}$  of magnitude 0.045 T. (An alpha particle has a charge of  $+3.2 \times 10^{-19}$  C and a mass of  $6.6 \times 10^{-27}$  kg.) The angle between  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{B}$  is  $52^\circ$ . What is the magnitude of (a) the force  $\vec{F}_B$  acting on the particle due to the field and (b) the acceleration of the particle due to  $\vec{F}_B$ ? (c) Does the speed of the particle increase, decrease, or remain the same?
- [Halliday, Resnick, and Walker, 9E, P28.21]
  - 21 **SSM** An electron of kinetic energy 1.20 keV circles in a plane perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field. The orbit radius is 25.0 cm. Find (a) the electron's speed, (b) the magnetic field magnitude, (c) the circling frequency, and (d) the period of the motion.
- [Halliday, Resnick, and Walker, 9E, P28.28]
  - 28 A particle undergoes uniform circular motion of radius 26.1  $\mu\text{m}$  in a uniform magnetic field. The magnetic force on the particle has a magnitude of  $1.60 \times 10^{-17}$  N. What is the kinetic energy of the particle?
- [Halliday, Resnick, and Walker, 9E, P28.40]
  - 40 A wire 1.80 m long carries a current of 13.0 A and makes an angle of  $35.0^\circ$  with a uniform magnetic field of magnitude  $B = 1.50$  T. Calculate the magnetic force on the wire.