

**Instructions**

1. Separate into groups of no more than three persons.
2. **The group cannot be the same as your former group.**
3. Only one submission is needed for each group.
4. **Only this page will be scanned and graded. Work only on this page.**
5. **Do not panic.**

Name	ID
<b>Prapun</b>	<b>555</b>

The *Fourier transform*  $M(f)$  of a signal  $m(t)$  is shown in Figure 1.

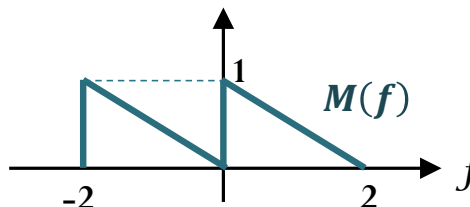
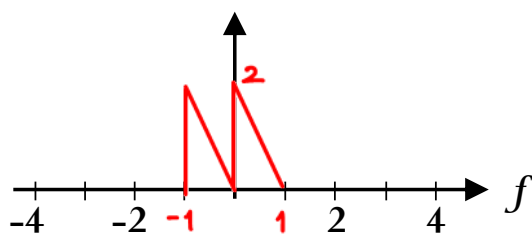


Figure 1

a. (1 pt) Is  $m(t)$  a real-valued signal?

**No. For  $x(t)$  to be real-valued, its Fourier transform must satisfy the conjugate symmetry property.**

b. Let  $y(t) = m\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$ . Carefully sketch  $|Y(f)|$ .

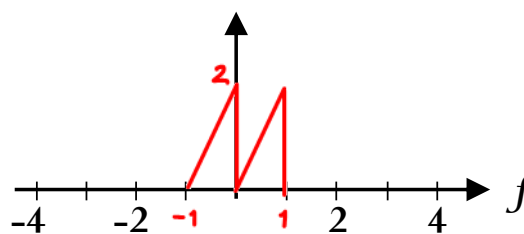


Scale-change theorem

$$m(at) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \frac{1}{|a|} M\left(\frac{f}{a}\right) \quad a = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$m\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} 2M(2f)$$

c. Let  $z(t) = m\left(\frac{2-t}{2}\right)$ . Carefully sketch  $|Z(f)|$ .



Scale-change theorem

$$\text{Let } h(t) = m\left(-\frac{t}{2}\right).$$

$$x(at) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \frac{1}{|a|} X\left(\frac{f}{a}\right) \quad a = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{extra flip}$$

$$\text{Then } H(f) = 2M(-2f).$$

$$\text{Let } z(t) = h(t-2) = m\left(-\frac{(t-2)}{2}\right) = m\left(\frac{2-t}{2}\right)$$

$$\text{Then } |Z(f)| = |H(f)| = 2|M(-2f)|$$

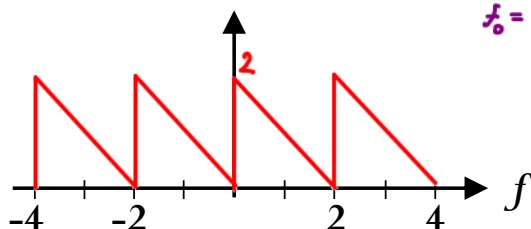
d. Let  $x(t) = m(t) \times 4 \cos(4\pi t)$ .

Carefully sketch  $X(f)$ .

$$4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$f_0 = 2$$



e. Let  $g(t) = m(t) \times 2 \cos(2\pi t)$ .

Carefully sketch  $G(f)$ .

$$2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$f_0 = 1$$

