

Sirindhorn International Institute of Technology

Thammasat University at Rangsit

School of Information, Computer and Communication Technology

## ECS 203: Problem Set 5

**Semester/Year:** 2/2015

**Course Title:** Basic Electrical Engineering

**Instructor:** Asst. Prof. Dr. Prapun Suksompong ([prapun@siit.tu.ac.th](mailto:prapun@siit.tu.ac.th))

**Course Web Site:** <http://www2.siiit.tu.ac.th/prapun/ecs203/>

**Due date: Feb 23, 5 PM**

### Instructions

1. Solve all problems. (5 pt)
  - a. Write your name and ID on the top of **every** submitted page.
  - b. For each part, write your explanation/derivation and answer in the space provided.
2. ONE sub-question will be graded (5 pt). Of course, you do not know which part will be selected; so you should work carefully on all of them.
3. There is no need to submit (or even print out) page 1 (this cover sheet).
4. Late submission will be rejected.
5. **Write down all the steps** that you have done to obtain your answers. You may not get full credit even when your answer is correct without showing how you get your answer.

**Questions**

1) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q3.41] Apply mesh analysis to find  $i$  in Figure 1.

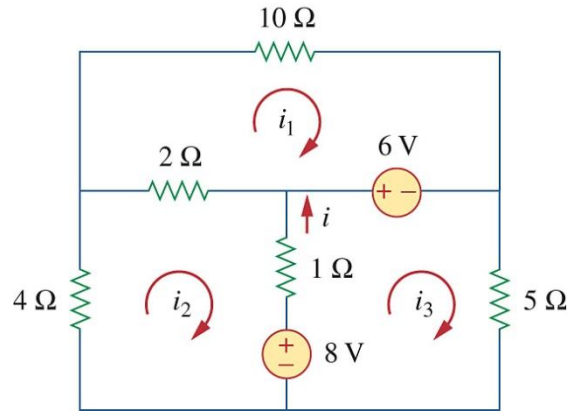


Figure 1

2) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q3.43] Use mesh analysis to find  $v_{ab}$  and  $i_o$  in the circuit in Figure 2.

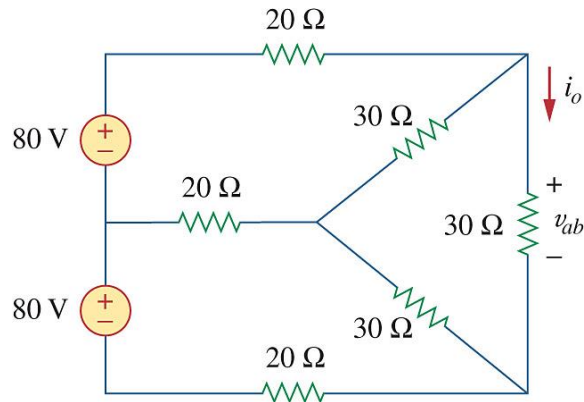


Figure 2

3) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q3.46] Use mesh analysis to solve for the mesh currents in Figure 3.

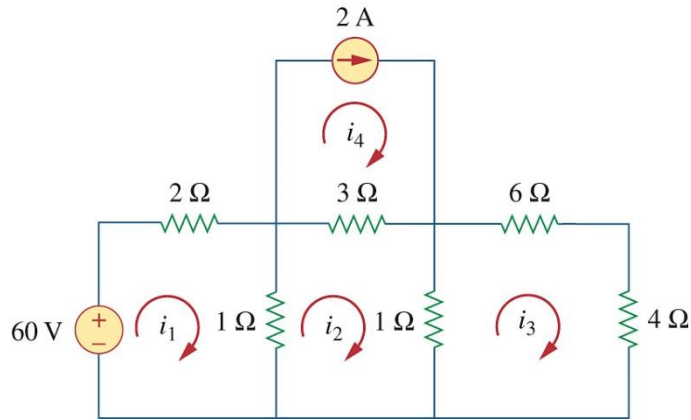


Figure 3

4) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q4.6] For the linear circuit shown in Figure 4, use linearity to complete the following table.

Experiment	$V_s$	$V_o$
1	12 V	4 V
2		16 V
3	1 V	
4		-2 V

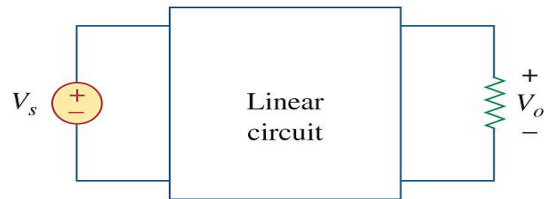


Figure 4

5) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q4.8] Using superposition, find  $V_o$  in the circuit of Figure 5.

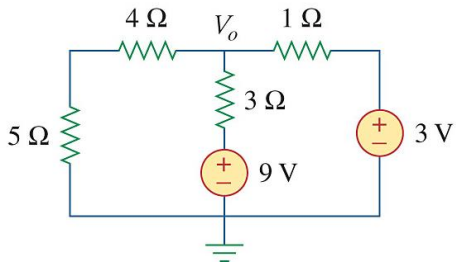


Figure 5

- a. **Draw** the circuit when **only the 9V voltage source** is activated. Then, **find**  $V_o$  for this circuit using any technique(s) of your choice.
- b. **Draw** the circuit when **only the 3V voltage source** is activated. Then, **find**  $V_o$  for this circuit using any technique(s) of your choice.
- c. Use the values of  $V_o$  from parts (a) and (b) to find  $V_o$  in Figure 5.

- 6) [Alexander and Sadiku, 2009, Q4.12] Determine  $v_o$  in the circuit in Figure 6 using the superposition principle.

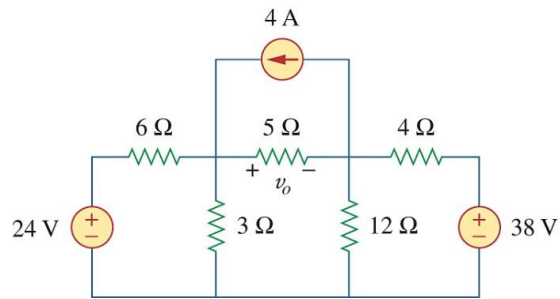


Figure 6

As in the previous question, for each “case”, don’t forget to redraw the circuit with appropriate source activation/deactivation.